

Manufacturers of Process

Controls and Instrumentation

Instruction Manual

Model: RCI-100-XXX

Function: Remote Control Signal Interface

Communication: ☐ XXX=SER: RS-232/485

■ XXX=MDM Modem Dial-Up

☐ XXX=FSK: Leased Line

☐ XXX=RF9: 900 Mhz Wireless

☐ XXX=RF2: 2.4 Ghz Wireless

Input: ■ 1 "Dry" Contact and 1 Analog Input

Output: ■ 1 Form 'C' Contact and 1 Analog Output

Power: □ 117VAC, 50/60Hz

□ 240 VAC, 50/60Hz

□ 24 VDC

Serial #: _____

(If special or required)

For Technical Assistance And Questions Call USA: (734) 677-0459 CANADA: (905) 660-5336

Restocking Policy

All product returned to Pribusin Inc. in prime condition (not damaged, scratched or defaced in any way) within seven (7) months from the original date of shipment is subject to a 50% restocking charge. All product must be accompanied by a Return Authorization number (RA number) which must be obtained from Pribusin Inc. prior to returning any product.

After seven (7) months from the original date of shipment, products cannot be returned for restocking.

Custom designed products, modified products or all nonstandard products may not be returned for restocking.

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Model: RCI-100-MDM

Manufacturers of Process

Controls and Instrumentation

Dial-Up Remote Control Signal Interface



Standard Features:

Bi-directional Communication using Phone Line

Dial-Out Programmable for: Status/Setpoint Change, Incremental Signal Change and Timed Interval

Point-to-Point or Host-to-Multi-Point Operation

1 Dry Contact and 1 Analog Input

1 'C' Relay Contact and 1 Analog Output

Configurable to Initiate and/or Answer A Call

Uses Standard Voice Telephone Line

No Calibration Required

Microprocessor Controlled for High Accuracy

Power: 117 VAC 50/60 Hz (Optional 24 VDC)

Built-in Overvoltage Protection on Telephone Line

High Noise Rejection

CSA and NRTL Approved (LR51078)

Function:

The RCI-100-MDM is a bi-directional dial-up communication system that exchanges the status of 1 dry contact input and 1 analog input between a host and remote unit or a PC equipped with a modem. A basic system consists of A) one host station and one or more remote station(s) **OR** B) several remote stations and one PC with a modem.

In system A), the host unit can be set to interrogate the remote unit(s) periodically or when required. Remote units may also be configured to call the host when required. One host may operate several remote units.

In system B), a PC can call several remote units or alternately, remote units may call the PC when required

LabVIEW & Visual BASIC drivers are provided for user software development on PC's.

Connection:

Units are connected via a standard dial-up voice grade line. Regular J11 Phone Jacks make for easy installation. When connecting units on a PBX system make sure it can accept analog modem transmissions. Serial systems connect via standard modem cable.

Specifications:

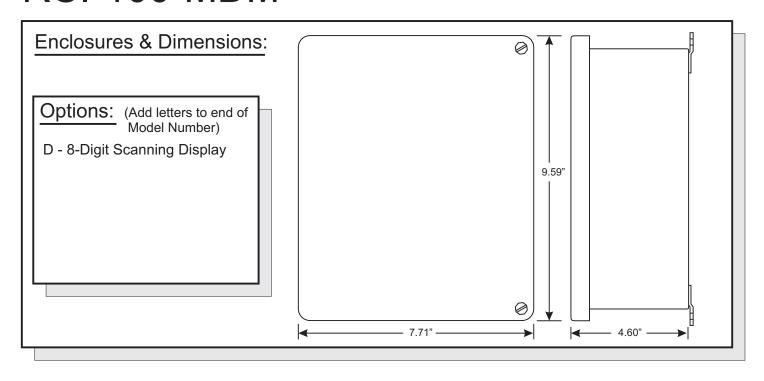
Transmission Medium: Analog Voice Grade Phone Line BAUD Rate: 2400 BAUD typ., 9600, 14.4K available Operating Temperature: -20 Deg.C. to +50 Deg.C. Relay Contacts: 10A 1/8Hp @ 125VAC

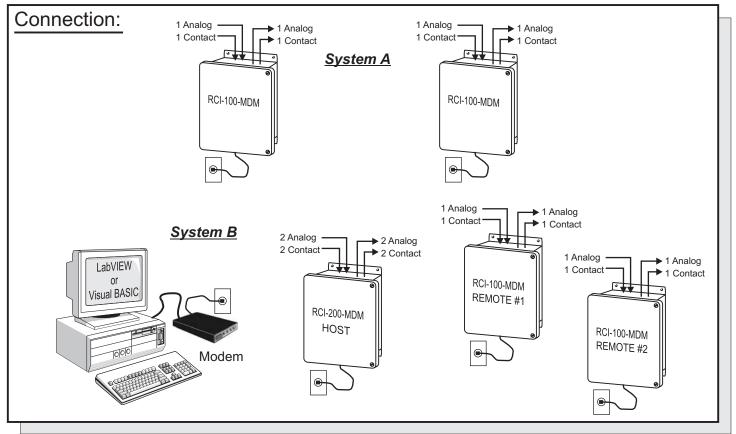
elay Contacts: 10A 1/8Hp @ 125VAC 6A 1/8Hp @ 277VAC

Power: 117 VAC, 60/50 Hz (24VDC Available)

Enclosure: NEMA4X (NEMA12 available as an option)

RCI-100-MDM





Manufactured By:



www.pribusin.com info@pribusin.com

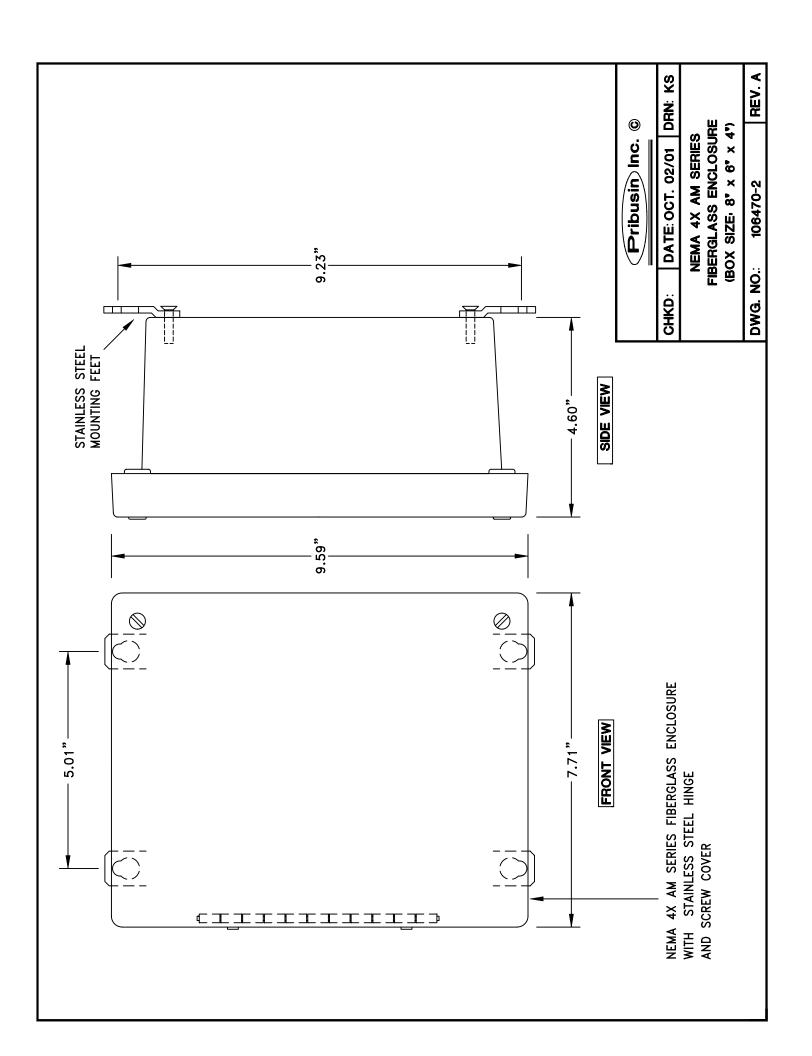
USA:

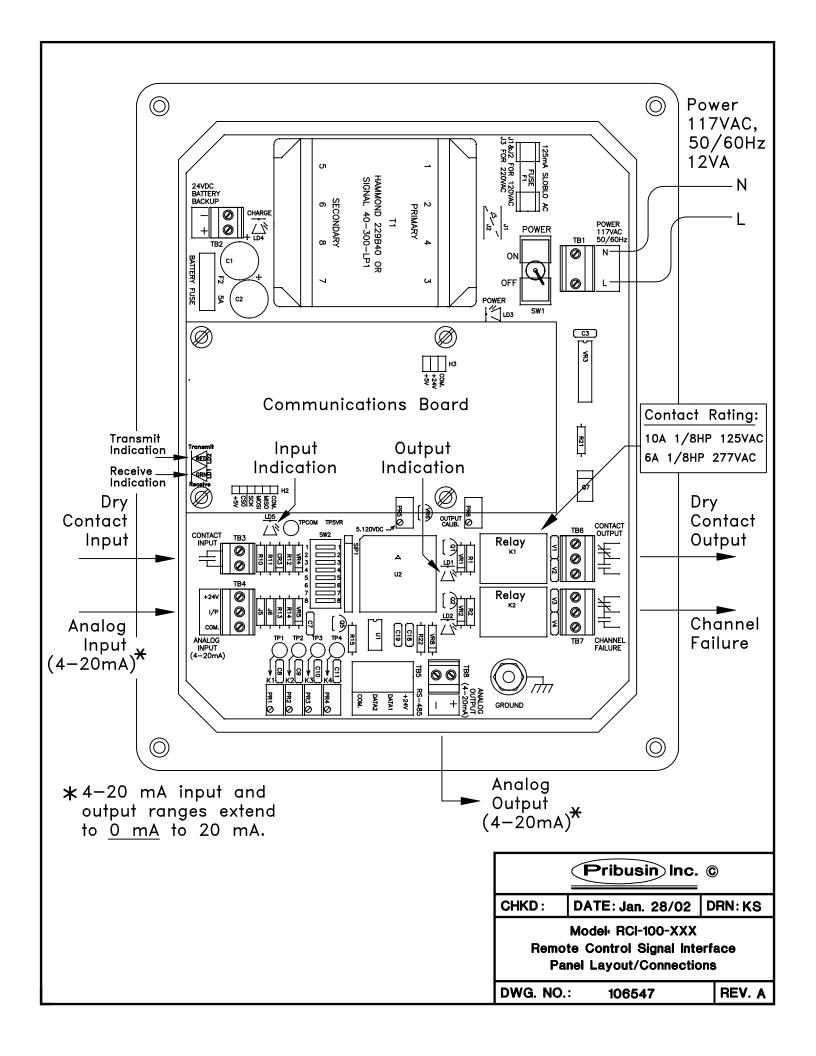
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Pribusin Inc. 101 Freshway Dr. Unit 57 Concord, Ontario, L4K 1R9 Ph: (905) 660-5336 Fx: (905) 660-4068





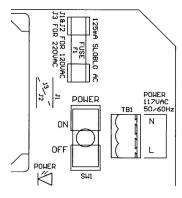
RCI-100 Connections:

The RCI-100 is the main board of an RCI-100-XXX Telemetry system. It provides the input and output signal connections as well as the power supply for the unit. A separate communications board is added to the RCI-100 to allow it to communicate with other units. This communications board may have its own configuration that is in a separate section of this manual. The following configuration applies only to the RCI-100 board and is common to all communications interfaces.

AC Power & Fuse:

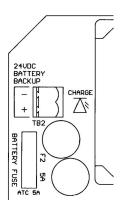
The RCI-100 is typically powered from 120VAC and protected by a 125mA SLOBLO fuse. It can be wired for 240VAC operation by removing (desoldering) power jumpers J1 & J2 and installing (soldering) jumper J3.

When changing the RCI-100 to 240VAC power make sure to change the fuse to half of its value, 62mA. This is important since at 240VAC the RCI-100 requires only half the current as if it were powered from 120VAC. Proper protection is only achieved by reducing the fuse value as mentioned above.

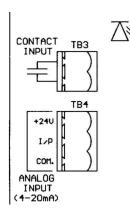


DC Power & Battery Backup:

The RCI-100 may also be powered from a 24VDC source which could be a battery or a DC power supply. The 24VDC power input is polarity protected with a fuse to prevent damage to the RCI-100 by inadvertent reverse polarity. A DC fuse provision is also provided if this power option is utilized. Insert a 5A automotive type blade fuse into the Battery Fuse socket.



Inputs:

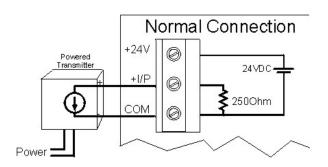


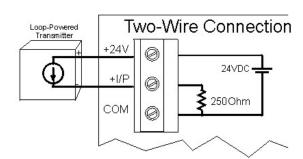
The RCI-100 has one dry contact input and one 0-20mA input. The dry contact input is excited with 24VDC and will source approximately 20mA when the contact is closed. A red LED lights up when the contact input is closed.

The analog input is configured as a 0-20mA input and has a 250 Ω input impedance. The input terminal has three connections: +24V, I/P, COM. The +24V power output may be used to power field transmitters. Up to 500mA may be used to power a transmitter. The input signal is connected to I/P(+) and COM(-).

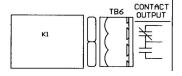
The analog input is connected to the RCI-800 in two fashions: 1) Normal (3-wire connection) or 2) two-wire connection. On a 3-wire connected input, an external power supply or the +24V power output terminal of the RCI provides power to the field transmitter. The field transmitter has a current source that provides the 4-20mA signal back to the RCI-100. If using the power supply of the RCI-100, the field transmitter may draw up to 125mA.

On a 2-wire connected input, the field transmitter receives power from the RCI-100 and superimposes the signal onto the power return path. A maximum of 20mA will flow in such a connection. Make sure to consult the field transmitter manual to determine how to connect it to the RCI-100.





Outputs:



The RCI-100 has one form 'C' relay contact output and one 0-20mA analog output. The relay contact is capable of switching 120VAC, 10A or 240VAC, 6A. An energy absorbing varistor is installed across each contact to limit switching transients. A second relay contact acts as a communications fail indicator. If no communication occurred within 30 seconds, this relay

contact will energize. Upon re-established communication this relay will de-energize again.



The analog output is typically configured as a 0-20mA output and can drive into a 1000Ω load, provided that the power supply to the unit is not below 24VDC. The output is not isolated from the input. Care must be taken when connecting the output to different devices so that no inadvertent ground loops are established.

Output Calibration & Input Testing:

The output on the RCI-100 is factory calibrated and should not require any adjustments. To check the calibration of the output and relays use switch SW2-7 & SW2-8 as shown below to set them to known states. If an output should require some adjustment, close SW2-8 only and turn the OUTPUT CALIB. trim pot until the output reads 20mA.

SW2-7	SW2-8	Function
OPEN	OPEN	Normal Operation
OPEN	CLOSED	Outputs=20mA, Relays=Energized
CLOSED	OPEN	Outputs=0mA, Relays=De-energized
CLOSED	CLOSED	Outputs=Inputs, Relays=Contact Inputs

If both switches are CLOSED, the analog and contact inputs are passed straight through to the analog and relay outputs. This may help in troubleshooting input and output signals.





Battery Charger:

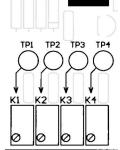
The RCI-100 has a battery connection that allows the system to remain powered up in the case of main power failure. The battery charger is designed to work with three (3) 6Volt lead-acid or gell-cell batteries. Switch SW2-6 to the CLOSED position to activate the battery charger. The charging LED will come on when the batteries are charging.

RCI-100 Configuration:

The RCI-100 requires no configuration other than for its communication fail operation. In the event of a communications failure on the communications board, the RCI-100 can be set up to take various actions on its outputs. This may be desirable in order to place connected devices into a safe operating mode. By default factory setting, all outputs remain at their last known state if a communications failure occurs.

SW2-	Function	OPEN	CLOSED
1	Relay Fail Mode	No Change	See SW2-2
2	Relay Fail Status	De-Energize	Energize
3	Output Fail Mode	No Change	Ramp to K1*
4			
5			
6	Battery Charger	Off	On
7	I/O Calibration		
8	I/O Calibration		

* If SW2-3=CLOSED then the analog output will ramp to the setting of K1. The output will change at a rate determined by the setting of K2. The settings of the trim pots can be read on test points $TP_{1,2}$ using a voltmeter. The test points read a voltage of 0-5V for a 0-100% adjustment.



$$TP_1 = \frac{Output}{20} \times 5Volt$$
 $TP_2 = \frac{RampRate}{60} \times 5Volt$

where, Output = 0-20 (mA) and $Ramp\ Rate = 0-60$ (seconds) (5 sec. minimum)

MDM Communication Option:

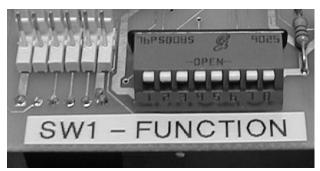
The -MDM communications option to the RCI series utilizes a 2400-BAUD modem to exchange the signal data between a host and its remote(s). There are two types of **Operating Modes** that can be configured: 1) Answer-Only and 2) Answer-and-Originate.

In **Answer-Only** mode the RCI-100-MDM will only answer incoming calls. It will not initiate calls to other devices. This is useful when only periodic data exchange is required. Typically a computer or PLC places a telephone call via a standard modem, the RCI-100-MDM answers and the two can now exchange data until the computer or PLC terminates the call.

In **Answer-and-Originate** mode the RCI-100-MDM operates just like in the Answer-Only mode with the additional capability of placing a call to another RCI-100-MDM or to a computer or PLC. A configuration procedure allows the programming of events or time intervals when the RCI-100-MDM is to place a call. This is useful where unattended, periodic data exchange is necessary. It is also useful when long distance charges apply to a call since the units can be programmed to communicate only when there is a change of status at one site or the other. Both units can be programmed to operate in the Answer-and-Originate mode thus providing bi-directional status change updates.

Modem configuration is done via a bank of DIP switches. The switches are located on the communications board just to the left of the telephone jack. They are either a slanted rocker type that flips **up for OFF** and **down for ON** or a flat rocker type that are marked **OPEN for OFF** and/or **CLOSED for ON**.

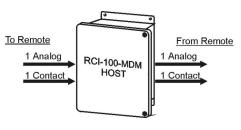
In Answer-Only mode, SW1 is used exclusively to set all operating parameters (see <u>Answer-Only Mode Configuration</u> below). In Answer-and-Originate mode, SW1 is not used and all switches must be in the OFF position. Instead the RS-232 connection is used to exchange a configuration file with a PC or laptop. This is necessary because of the large number of parameters that are required to be configurable for flexible dialing operation (see <u>Answer-and-Originate Mode Configuration</u> below).

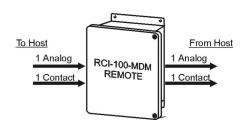


Answer-and-Originate Topologies:

The -MDM communications option to the RCI series utilizes dial-up telephone transmissions to exchange the signal data between a host and its remote(s). There are two types of **Topologies** that can be configured: 1) Point-to-Point and 2) Host-to-Multipoint.

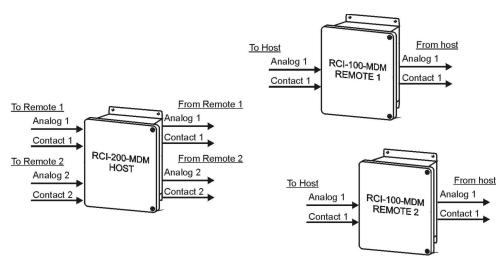
Point-to-Point In а topology one host communicates with one The remote. two exchange all their signals with one another. The remote is configured remote #1 even





though it is the only remote in the system.

In a Host-to-Multipoint topology one host communicates to several remotes. Each remote is assigned an address (1,2,3, etc.) so that the host distinguish may between them. There may at most be as many remotes as there inputs & outputs on the host.



For example, an RCI-200 system, having two

analog/contact inputs and outputs, may communicate with two RCI-100 remotes each having one analog/contact input and output. In this case all #1 inputs and outputs on the host correspond to the #1 inputs and outputs on remote #1 and all #2 inputs and outputs on the host correspond to the #1 inputs and outputs on remote #2. The second analog/contact input and output on each of the two remotes would be unused.

Modem Mode Configuration:

The modem communication board has one bank of 8-position DIP switches: SW1. SW1-8 controls the mode of operation of the modem:

SW1-8	Modem MODE	
OPEN	Answer-and-Originate (requires software configuration)	
CLOSED	Answer-Only	

Answer-Only Mode Configuration:

To make an RCI-100-MDM operate as an Answer-Only unit, make sure that SW1-8 is CLOSED.

Set the **number of rings** before the RCI-100-MDM is to answer using SW1-1, -2, -3. These switches are binary encoded as shown in the chart to the right. If the RCI-100-MDM is to ignore all incoming calls (during maintenance for example) make sure SW1-1, -2 & -3 are all in the OPEN position.

SW1-1	SW1-2	SW1-3	# of RINGS
OPEN	OPEN	OPEN	Don't Answer
CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	1
OPEN	CLOSED	OPEN	2
CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	3
OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	4
CLOSED	OPEN	CLOSED	5
OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	6
CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	7

Next, set the **number of channels of each remote** using SW1-4, -5. One channel is considered 1 analog input/output plus 1 contact input/output. Hence an RCI-100 can have at most 2 channels.

SW1-4	SW1-5	Channels on Remotes
OPEN	OPEN	1
CLOSED	OPEN	2

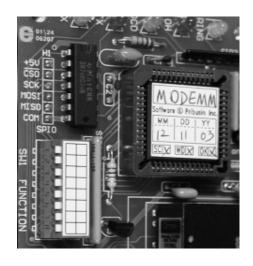
RCI-MDM Configuration.vi

General

FIRMWARE It is very important that you select the correct firmware for your specific RCI-MDM unit. You can find this information by reading the top label of the microchip in your RCI-MDM. There are 3 types of Modems:

'K', 'L', and 'M'.





MODE This defines if the unit is a host or a remote. If it is a remote it further identifies the remote address. This is especially important in multi-remote systems.

Allowable values:

0 = Host, 1 thru 8 = Remote1 thru Remote8

REMOTES Number of remotes in the system. In a multi-remote system, this tells the host how many remotes it has to call when it initiates a call.

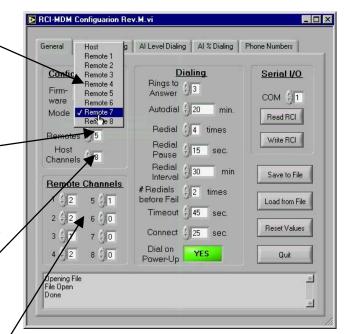
Allowable values: 1 thru 8

HOST CHANNELS Number of channels to be used on the host. All channels of all remotes in any system must add up to the number of channels on the host.

Allowable values: 1 thru 8

REMOTES CHANNELx Number of channels to be used on this remote. Total channels of all remotes in a multi-remote system must not exceed HOST CHANNELS. (x=1..8)

Allowable values: 1 thru 8



AUTODIAL The auto-dial time interval in minutes. If this parameter is set to 0 then the unit will NOT automatically initiate a call and will call only when a DI or AI status changes (see below). If this parameter is set to a value greater than 0 then the unit will place a call automatically in this time interval.

Allowable values:

0 = no auto-dial

1-65535 auto-dial interval (min.)

REDIAL Number of times the unit will attempt a re-dial if the previous dial failed to establish a connection (because of busy signal, reorder signal, etc.). If the unit does not establish a connection after the set number of redials it suspends the re-dial procedure for the specified Redial Interval minutes. New events that will require a call to be placed will re-initiate the dialing procedure.

Allowable values:

0 = re-dial until successful 1 thru 9 number of re-dials

REDIAL PAUSE Time interval, in seconds, the unit waits between re-dials. To prevent ongoing contention between units it is recommended that every unit in a system be assigned a different PAUSE interval. That way if two units happen to call at the same time, they wait different intervals before re-dialing.

Allowable values:

10-255 = re-dial interval in seconds (note the 10 second minimum)

REDIAL INTERVAL Time interval, in minutes, the unit waits between each redial cycle. The unit will continue to execute redial cycles until a connection is established.

Allowable values:

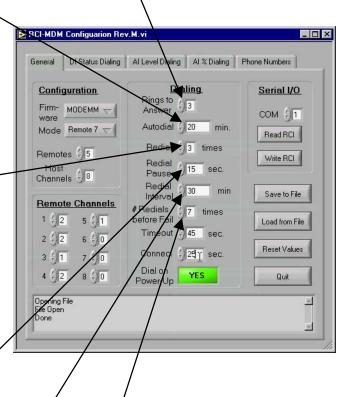
0-65535 = re-dial interval in minutes

RINGS The number of rings before the unit answers an incoming call.

Allowable values:

0 = never answer a call

1 thru 9 = rings before answer



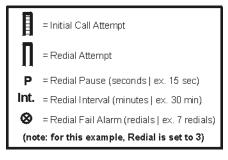
REDIAL FAIL Number of redials executed before the fail contact is activated.

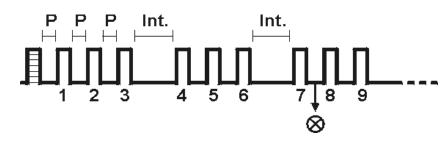
Allowable values:

0 = continuous

1 thru 9 = attempts before fail signal

Redial Example Diagram





CONNECT Time interval, in seconds, the calling unit stays connected before it terminates the call. While two units are connected they continually exchange their data. This is useful when an immediate confirmation is required after sending an action to the other unit.

Allowable values:

5-255 = connection duration in sec. (note the 5 second minimum)

POWER-UP DIAL This setting determines if the unit will initiate a call at power-up. The unit can be forced to place a call in 'PAUSE' seconds after it is first powered up. This is useful to re-establish proper input and output settings after a power failure.

Allowable values:

NO = NO dial at power-up

YES = DIAL in PAUSE seconds after power-up

TIMEOUT Time interval, in seconds, to wait for called unit to answer. If the called unit does not answer in this time, the call is considered unsuccessful.

Allowable values:

10-255 = wait interval in seconds (note the 10 second minimum)



COM Select the COM Port to which the RCI-MDM is connected.

READ RCI Obtains configuration values that are stored in the RCI-MDM.

WRITE RCI Sends values to the RCI-MDM.

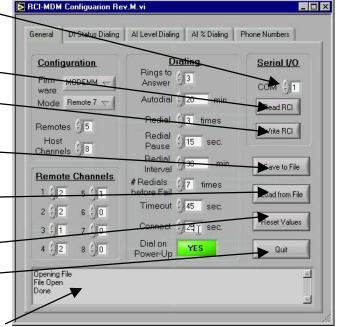
SAVE Allows you to save the configuration to a text file on your hard drive.

LOAD Allows you to load a configuration file from your hard drive.

RESET VALUES Resets all values to default settings.

QUIT Exits the Program.

DISPLAY Shows application processes, status and errors that occur.



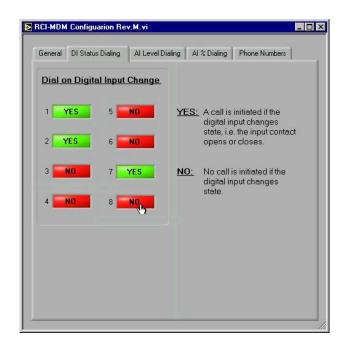
DI Status Dialing

Determines whether or not a call will be initiated when a **D**igital Input changes its status. If **NO** is selected for an input, no call will be made if its status changes. However, if **YES** is selected, whenever that digital input switches from open-to-closed or closed-to-open, a call will be made.

If this unit is a remote, then a call will be placed to the host. If this unit is a host then a call will be placed to the remote that corresponds to this input channel.

Allowable values:

NO = no call on status change YES = call on status change



Al Level Dialing

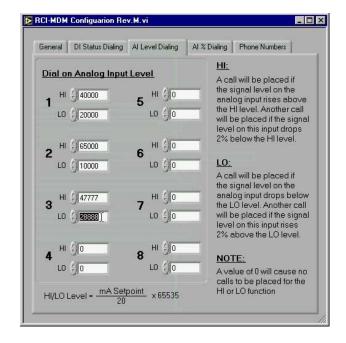
Determines if a HIGH/LOW level on **A**nalog Input x (x=1,2,..8) causes a call to be placed. If this unit is a remote, then a call will be placed to the host. If this unit is a host then a call will be placed to the remote that corresponds to this input channel.

A HIGH level occurs when the input value rises above this parameter. When the input level drops below 2% below this parameter the level is considered NORMAL and another call will be placed automatically.

A LOW level occurs when the input value falls below this parameter. When the input level rises above 2% above this parameter the level is considered NORMAL and another call will be placed automatically.

Allowable values:

0 = no call on HIGH and/or LOW level 1-65535 = call on HIGH and/or LOW level and call when HIGH and/or LOW level returns to NORMAL



The parameter is calculated as follows:

$$\left[PARAMETER = \frac{SETPOINT(mA) - 4mA}{16mA} \times 65535 \right]$$

(where SETPOINT is between 4-20mA)

Al % Dialing

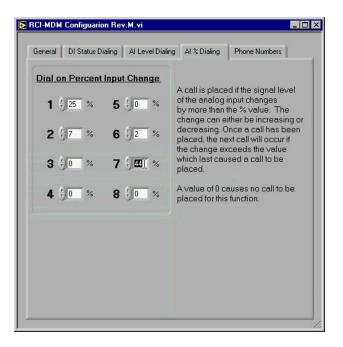
Determines if a specific amount of change on Analog Input x (x=1,2,..8) causes a call to be placed. If this unit is a remote, then a call will be placed to the host. If this unit is a host then a call will be placed to the remote that corresponds to this input channel.

The amount of change required before a call is placed is expressed as a percentage of full-scale signal. Be aware that a full-scale signal is from 0-20mA. Hence a 5% change would be 1mA. A call will be placed if the input signal either rises or falls more than the specified percentage compared to the signal level at the last call.

Allowable values:

0 = no call for percent change

1-50 = call on % change from NORMAL

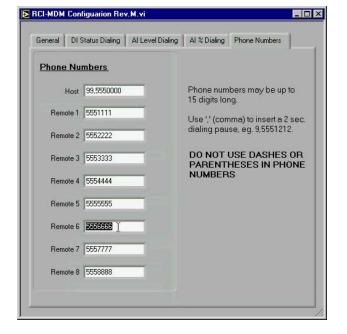


Phone Numbers

may be up to 15 characters long and may contain only digits and commas (,). A comma inserts a 2 second pause into the dialing sequence which may be necessary if the unit is on a PBX system where it needs to dial a number for an outside line and then wait before it dials the rest of the phone number.

REMOTE1 The phone number for REMOTE 1. The same rules apply as for the HOST

REMOTE8 The phone number for REMOTE 8. The same rules apply as for the HOST



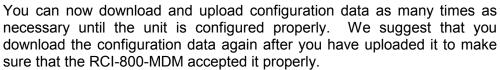
Downloading & Uploading Configuration Data:

To download the internal configuration data of the RCI-800-MDM or upload new configuration data it must first be place in PROGRAMM mode.

- 1. Turn the power switch OFF.
- 2. Locate configuration jumper H7 on the modem board and insert jumper H7-1 only.
- 3. Locate Communication Select jumper H5 on the modem board and move the two jumpers from the NORM position into the PROG position.



- 4. Connect the serial cable to the RS-232 connector on the modem board and to your serial port on your computer.
- 5. Make sure you have your serial port software running on your computer.
- 6. Turn the power switch back on and wait at least 5 seconds.



Upon completion turn the power switch OFF again, remove jumper H6-1, move jumpers H5 back to the NORM position, disconnect the serial cable and finally turn the power switch back on.

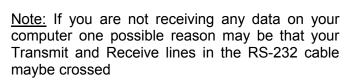




Download Configuration Data:

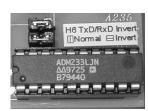
- 1. Make sure your serial software is ready to capture incoming serial data.
- 2. Press the DIAL button on the modem board.
- 3. The RCI-800-MDM will now send all of its internal configuration data. which is being captured, to a file by the computer. The red TX (transmit) LED will light or blink during this operation and you should

see the data on your screen. When the red TX LED stops flashing the download is complete.





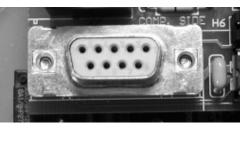
Straight-Thru Cable



Null-Modem Cable







4. Stop the data capture on the serial port software.

You can now modify this file based on your requirements (see <u>Configuration File Details</u> below) and the upload the file back to the RCI-800-MDM.

Uploading Configuration Data:

Make sure your configuration file has been carefully modified so that it is free of errors.

- 1. Follow the file upload procedure for your serial port software to send the configuration file.
- 2. During the upload process you will see the green RX (receive) LED light or flash. Once the green LED stops flashing the upload process is complete and the RCI-800-MDM will reply with one of two messages:

CONFIG ERROR The configuration file was received incorrectly or it has an error

in it. Examine the file closely and/or try to re-send it.

SAVING CONFIGURATION The file was received correctly and is now being stored in the

RCI-800-MDM's non-volatile memory. Wait for the RCI-800-MDM to display the DONE message before moving on (this

should take about 5 seconds)

Configuration File Details:

The RCI-800-MDM configuration file is a human-readable text file that defines the various operating parameters of the Answer-and-Originate Mode. The file is very simple in structure. Modifications can be made easily with a text-editing program however care must be taken to adhere to a few constraints.

- 1. The first line of the configuration file must read \$RCI-MDM. The '\$' is very important. During a configuration file upload the '\$' tell the RCI-800-MDM that a configuration file is being sent.
- 2. Any line starting with a semi-colon ';' is considered a comment line. There may be unlimited numbers of these lines in the configuration file. This is useful to make notes about the parameters to the user. These comment lines are not stored in the RCI-800-MDM!
- 3. The sequence of parameters may NOT be changed in any way.
- 4. The length of parameters must be exactly as present. If a parameter consists of 5 digits you must pad it with leading zero's to make it 5 digits long. Single digit parameters may only be one digit. Be careful not to add any spaces at the end of the numbers!
- 5. Phone numbers are exempt from constraint 4. They may be any length up to 15 characters.

Following is the default configuration file of an RCI-800-MDM as it is shipped from the factory. Note the large header at the top consisting of comment lines (starting with;). This is a brief explanation of all the parameters and serves as a quick reference for a user who doesn't have access to this manual while performing a configuration.

```
$RCI-MDM
;RCI-XXX-MDM CONFIGURATION FILE
; - This file contains all operating parameters
     for the RCI-XXX-MDM. Sending this file to the
     RCI will reprogram the operating parameters
     to the values in this file.
     WHEN MODIFYING THIS FILE, MAKE SURE NOT TO
     DELETE OR ADD ANY LINES EXCEPT FOR COMMENT
     LINES THAT BEGIN WITH A ;
; FORMAT:
; [I/O CONFIGURATION]
; MODE=m
                             m = 0 - HOST
                            = 1..8 - REMOTE (m=REMOTE NUMBER)
r = 1..8 - NUMBER OF REMOTES
; REMOTES=r
; REMOTES=r r = 1..8 - NUMBER OF REMOTES
; CHANNELS REMOTE1=c c = 1..8 - CHANNELS ON REMOTE 1
; CHANNELS REMOTE3=c c = 1..8 - CHANNELS ON REMOTE 2
; CHANNELS REMOTE4=c c = 1..8 - CHANNELS ON REMOTE 4
; CHANNELS REMOTE5=c c = 1..8 - CHANNELS ON REMOTE 5
; CHANNELS REMOTE6=c c = 1..8 - CHANNELS ON REMOTE 6
; CHANNELS REMOTE6=c c = 1..8 - CHANNELS ON REMOTE 7
; CHANNELS REMOTE7=c c = 1..8 - CHANNELS ON REMOTE 7
; CHANNELS REMOTE8=c c = 1..8 - CHANNELS ON REMOTE 8
; HOST CHANNELS=c c = 1..8 - CHANNELS ON HOST
: [ANSWER]
                        r = 0 - NEVER ANSWER
; RINGS=r
                                = 1..9 - RINGS TO ANSWER
: [DTAL1
   AUTODIAL=mmmmm mmmmm = 00000 - NO AUTODIAL
(mmmmm=MINUTES) = 00001..65535 - DIAL INTERVAL
; AUTODIAL=mmmmm mmmmm = 00000
; REDIAL=r r = 0 - REDIAL UNTIL ANSWER
= 1..9 - REDIALS IF BUSY OR NO ANSWER
; PAUSE=ssss ssss = 00010..00255 - REDIAL PAUSE; TIMEOUT=ssss ssss = 00010..00255 - TIME TO WAIT FOR ANSWER; CONNECT=ssss ssss = 00000..00255 - TIME TO STAY CONNECTED
; (ssss=sEconds); POWER-UP DIAL=d d = 0 - NO DIAL AFTER POWER-UP
                                 1 - DIAL >PAUSE< SECONDS AFTER POWER-UP
; [PHONE NUMBERS]
; HOST=nnnnnnnnnnnnnnn - PHONE NUMBER OF HOST
; REMOTEx=nnnnnnnnnnnnnnn - PHONE NUMBER OF REMOTE
; n = 0..9 (MAX. LENGTH IS 15 DIGITS INCLUDING ANY )
      = , TWO SECOND DIAL PAUSE
; EXAMPLE: 9,18005551212 IF 9=OUTSIDE LINE CODE
; [DI STATUS DIALING]
; DIXCHG=d $\rm d=0\,-\,NO\,\,DIAL\,\,WHEN\,\,DIX\,\,CHANGES\,\,STATE}
                                = 1 - DIAL WHEN DIX CHANGES STATE
    x=1..8
; [AI LEVEL DIALING]
; AIX>=aaaaa aaaa = 00000 - NEVER DIAL ON AIX HIGH
; (HIGH SETPOINT) = 00001..65535 - DIAL IF AIX >= aaaaa
; AIx<=aaaaa aaaa = 00000 - NEVER DIAL ON AIX LOW
; (LOW SETPOINT) = 00001.65535 - DIAL IF AIX <= aaaaa
; aaaaa IS 16-BIT SETPOINT CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS:
  SETPOINT(mA) - 4mA
; ----- X 65535 = aaaaa
          1.6mA
; [AI % CHANGE DIALING]
; AIx%CHG=aaaaa aaaaa = 00000 - NEVER DIAL ON AIx CHANGE
                             = 00001..00050 - DIAL IF AIX % CHANGE > aaaaa
; (% CHANGE)
                                                        (CHANGE CAN BE +VE OR -VE)
```

Above is the header portion of the configuration file. It serves as a quick reference and it is sent out by the RCI-800-MDM every time the configuration data is downloaded. It immediately precedes the actual configuration data.

```
;[I/O CONFIGURATION]
MODE=2
REMOTES=3
CHANNELS ON REMOTE1=2
CHANNELS ON REMOTE2=1
CHANNELS ON REMOTE3=2
CHANNELS ON REMOTE4=0
CHANNELS ON REMOTE5=0
CHANNELS ON REMOTE6=0
CHANNELS ON REMOTE7=0
CHANNELS ON REMOTE8=0
CHANNELS ON HOST=8
; [ANSWER]
RINGS=2
;[DIAL]
AUTODIAL=00000
REDIAL=2
PAUSE=00015
TIMEOUT=00030
CONNECT=00030
POWER-UP DIAL=0
; [PHONE NUMBERS]
HOST=6770060
REMOTE1=0000000000000000
REMOTE2=00000000000000
REMOTE3=000000000000000
REMOTE4=000000000000000
REMOTE5=000000000000000
REMOTE6=0000000000000000
REMOTE7=000000000000000
REMOTE8=000000000000000
; [DI STATUS DIALING]
DI1CHG=1
DI2CHG=0
DI3CHG=0
DI4CHG=0
DI5CHG=0
DI6CHG=0
DI7CHG=0
DI8CHG=0
;[AI LEVEL DIALING]
AI1>=50000
AI1<=20000
AI2>=00000
AI2<=00000
AI3>=00000
AI3<=00000
AI4>=00000
AI4<=00000
AI5>=00000
AI5<=00000
AI6>=00000
AI6<=00000
AI7>=00000
AI7<=00000
AI8>=00000
AI8<=00000
;[AI % CHANGE DIALING]
AI1%CHG=00010
AI2%CHG=00000
AI3%CHG=00000
AI4%CHG=00000
AI5%CHG=00000
AI6%CHG=00000
AI7%CHG=00000
AI8%CHG=00000
```

Above is the parameter portion of the configuration file. This is where changes can be made using a text-editing program.